All and the state of the state	- A	200
Probus (a Pannonian) emperor	276-	-282
(Barbarians defeated on Rhine and Danube.)		
4. Empire from A.D. 285 to 337.		
Diocletian (a Dalmatian) emperor (Empire divided under four rulers for administration; City of Rom	285-	-205
(Empire divided under four rulers for administration : City of Rom	e wirtu	305
ceases to be capital, the rulers residing on or near frontiers for defen	CVIII	any
barbarians.)	ce aga	inst
(During third century, A.D., Roman Empire became largely barbarian	1	
lation, chiefly by influx of German tribes into army and as settlers	i in po	pu-
system becomes that of Oriental tribes into army and as settlers	; polit	ical
system becomes that of Oriental sultanism; the senate practically di	sappea	ars;
oppressive taxation does much mischief; great advances made by C	hristia	nity
and the church established as a power within the state.)	The same	
Constantine the Great emperor . (Military power of "Legati" (Viceroys) separated from civil authority	306-	337
(Viceroys) separated from civil authority	.)	
- Jaminiani (Constantinopie) capitai oi cinpire		220
Prof progress of Christianity and the early Christian Fathers see tex	t of w	ork
above.]		
5. Empire from A.D. 337 to 395.		
Julian (the Apostate) emperor	-	12
Julian (the Apostate) emperor	361-	
Valentinian I. emperor (Conflicts with barbarians; Alemanni driven from Gaul.)	364-	375
(In fourth conform A.B. Cothe (October 17)		1920
(In fourth century, A.D., Goths (Ostrogoths and Visigoths) become	poweri	ul;
Gothic kingdom of Hermanric on Danube; Goths partly Christianiz	ed by	UI-
philas.)		
(Huns from Asia become formidable; attack the Goths in south-east I	Lurope	4)
Valens, emperor of eastern part of empire (Goths allowed to settle south of Danube; Valens killed in battle nea	364-	378
Goths allowed to settle south of Danube; Valens killed in battle nea	r Adri:	an-
opie by Goths, A.D. 378.)		
(Goths spread westwards to Italy; enter Roman army in large number	(S.)	
Theodostus emperor (of whole empire, 392-395)	378-3	395
Peace made with Goths		382
Theodosius emperor (of whole empire, 392-395) Peace made with Goths Submission of Theodosius to St. Ambrose (Formal end of Paganism: worship of heathen gods strictly forbidden		390
(Formal end of Paganism; worship of heathen gods strictly forbidden)	
6. Empire from A.D. 395 to 476.		
Empire divided into Eastern and Western		
(Stilicho, a Vandal commander of Roman legions in Britain against	2: 3	195
Scots, and on Rhine frontier repulses Suevi and Alemanni.)	icts a	na
Alaric, King of Visigoths, defeated in Italy by Stilicho		-
Stilicho defeats host of barbarians under Radagaisus in north of Italy	77. 4	
Death of Stilicho	* 4	05
Death of Stilicho Alaric, King of Visigoths, captures Rome	+ 4	00
(In earlier part of fifth century Romans leave Britain; Visigoths estab	linhad	10
south of Gaul and north of Spain; Suevi, Alani, Vandals, Burg	usned	m
swarm into Gaul and Spain.)	undian	15,
Genseric, King of Vandals, sets up kingdom in north-west Africa		AR NO.
Attila, King of the Huns, invades Gaul		29
Battle of Châlons (Attila's Huns defeated by Theodoric's Visigoths	- 4	50
by Actius)		120
Atilla died (end of power of Huns)		51
Genseric, King of Vandals, took Rome	. 4	53
Ricimer, King of Spevi, took Rome	. 4	55
Genseric, King of Vandals, took Rome Ricimer, King of Suevi, took Rome Romulus Augustulus, last emperor of Western Empire, overthrown	har 4	72
Odoacer, a German chief	Бу	est.
End of Western Empire of Rome		100
The state of the s	. 4	76