GUELPH LINE;

OR.

HOUSE OF BRUNSWICK.

Opened 1714 A.D.—Has already lasted 152 years.—6 Sovereigns.

GEORGE I. (great-grandson of James I.),began to rule GEORGE II. (son),	1714 1727
GEORGE III. (grandson),	1760
GEORGE IV. (son),	1820
WILLIAM IV. (brother),	1830 1837

Leading Feature:—THE INFLUENCE OF THE HOUSE OF COM-MONS GREATER THAN AT ANY FORMER PERIOD.

CHAPTER I.

GEORGE I.

Born 1660 A.D.—Began to reign 1714 A.D.—Died 1727 A.D.

Hanover united to Eng
land.
Policy of George.
Fall of the Tories.
The Riot Act.

'The Fifteen.'
The Septennial Act.
Sweden and Spain.
The South Sea Scheme.
Golden Dreams.

The Crash.
Robert Walpole.
Death of the King.
Character.
Notes.

George I., already Elector of Hanover, became King of the British Empire at the age of fifty-four. His father was Ernest Augustus of Hanover; his mother was Sophia, daughter of Elizabeth, Queen of Bohemia, and therefore grand-daughter of James I. Having spent all his previous life in Germany, he knew but little of England, and to his last day could neither speak nor write the English language well. His wife was Sophia of Brunswick, his own cousin, whom he treated with great cruelty, keeping her for forty years shut up in a castle of Hanover, where not even her own children were allowed to see her. By his accession the crowns of Britain and Hanover were united.