himself? 9. How did Charles escape to Bristol? 10. What took place at the smithy on the way? 11. What did he do at the inn where Cromwell's soldiers were? 12. How did he get away from England? When did he come back? Why is the 29th of May called "Royal Oak Day"?

## THE BRAVE LORD NELSON (A.D. 1758-1805).

- I. When some of your grand-fathers were little boys, there was a great war going on between England and France. Many of the battles were fought at sea. In those days, England had good ships, and brave sailors, and bold captains, in plenty; but the best sailor, and boldest captain of them all, was Lord Horatio Nelson. When he first went to sea, at twelve years of age, he was a weak bit of a lad; but he was full of pluck and spirit, and he never knew what it was to be afraid.
- 2. He sailed all over the world before he was a man; and when war broke out, he was made captain of a man-of-war. He fought and beat the French in many a brave sea-fight; and you will read all about his battles when you are older. In one battle he lost an eye: in another, he lost an arm; but though he had but one eye and one arm, he was always first in the fight, and last out.
- 3. He never would give in. At the battle of Copenhagen, two of his ships ran aground. Admiral Parker, who had command of the fleet, thought Nelson had no chance of winning; so he hung out the signal to "stop fighting." But Nelson took no