

CHAPTER X.

WAR OF 1812, '13, AND '14.

- | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. War declared. | 17. Lake Erie—Moraviantown |
| 2, 3. Feeling in Canada. | 18. Chrysler's Farm. |
| 4. Precautions. | 19. Chateauguay. |
| 5. Mackinaw—Detroit. | 20. Niagara burnt. |
| 6. Queenston Heights. | 21. Reprisals. |
| 7. Lacolle River. | 22. Winter work. |
| 8. Army Bills. | 23. Lacolle Mill. |
| 9. American plans. | 24. Oswego. |
| 10. Overland march. | 25. Chippewa. |
| 11. York taken. | 26. Lundy's Lane. |
| 12. Fort George taken. | 27. Fort Erie. |
| 13. Retreat at Sackett's Harbor. | 28. Maine. |
| 14. Sir James Yeo. | 29. Plattsburg. |
| 15. Stoney Creek. | 30. Treaty of Ghent. |
| 16. Heroism—Beaver Dams. | |

1. In 1812 war was declared between England and the United States. For three years the cruel strife went on, and much innocent and brave blood was spilled on the soil of Canada, where the people had done nothing to cause the war, their only fault being that they preferred to live as a province of Great Britain, rather than join their lot to the States, which had succeeded in throwing off the control of the Mother Country. All the States were not in favor of the war; but there was a large party, the ruling party then, which hated England, and which had, for several years, been anxious to pick a quarrel with her. This party talked a great deal about liberty, and yet had no sympathy with England in her contest with Napoleon, for the liberty not only of Europe but also of her own island kingdom. Great Britain tried to satisfy the complaints of these discontented Americans, but with no avail: their Congress **declared war** on the 18th of June,