

7. Italy comprises the kingdom of Sardinia, the kingdom of Naples, the kingdom of Lombardy and Venice, the Papedom, the Grand Duchy of Tuscany and Lucca, the Duchies of Parma and Modena, the Republic of San Marino, and the Principality of Monaco.

SARDINIA.

8. The kingdom of Sardinia embraces the north-west section of Italy, together with the large island of Sardinia. The continental part of this state is fertile and well cultivated, and there are some manufactures of silk. Savoy, Piedmont, Genoa, and Nice, are the continental provinces.



Genoa.

9. Turin, the capital, is the most regularly built of all the Italian cities. Genoa, surnamed the Superb, was long the capital of a powerful republic; it was the birth-place of Columbus. It is now the chief sea-port of Sardinia. Alessandria, Nice, Asti, Coni, and Mondovi, are important towns. Cagliari is the chief town of the island of Sardinia.

10. At Montenotte, Mondovi, and Marengo, Bonaparte gained decisive victories. That of Montenotte was the commencement of his career of conquest. Previous to the victory of Marengo, he crossed the Alps with the whole of his army. At Novi the French were defeated by the Russian General Suwarrow.

11. MONACO.—The principality of Monaco is a small independent state, under the protection of Sardinia, with 7000 inhabitants. Its capital, Monaco, is a small village. Mentone is the chief town. The reigning prince is a peer of France, and usually lives in Paris.

Map No. 21.—What Mts. bound Italy on the north? As.—What sea on the south and west? M.-Sa.—East? G.-Ve.—What islands lie west? Ca., Sa., Ea.—South? Sy.—What strait separates Italy from Turkey? Oo.—What Mts. extend through Italy? Ae.

7. What does Italy comprise? 8. Describe Sardinia. 9. Turin, Genoa, &c. 10 What is said of Montenotte, &c.? Marengo? 11. Monaco.